cepandent of St. Louis Republican.

Mexican Correspondent of St. Louis Republicans, GENERALS SCOTT AND WORTH.

MESSES, EOSTORS: In one of my letters, written from Puebla, Mexico, I promised to explain the mystery, that, up to this time exists, as to the serious and much to be regretted difficulty existing between the two distinguished and gulant officers above named; and to furnish for your valuable journal, the proceedings of the court of inspire, demanded by named; and to furnish for your valuable journal, the proceedings of the court of inquiry, demanded by General Wowrn, growing out of the causes that led to this disruption. With a view of redeeming that promise, and for the purpose of removing erroneous and unjust impressions against the General-in-chies of the army, I purpose to trespass, once more, upon

of the army, I purpose or the notice of your readers.

To a correct understanding of the merits of the controversy, it is proper to remark, that the first cause of complaint on the part of Brevet Mar. Gen. against the General-In-chief, was the unvance upon, and occupation of, that city. General WORTH, it will be recollected, was directed by General Scott, to act with his division as the advance

wance upon, and occupation of, that city. General Worm, it will be recollected, was directed by General Scort, to act with his division as the advance corps of the array, until reaching and occupying Puebla. As a matter of history, and for the purpose of permitting every man to draw his own conclusions of the justness or unfairness of Gen. Scort's disapproval of the terms of that capitulation, I deem it due to all concerned, to insert a copy of the capitulation itself. It is in these words:

"General: If as is to be supposed, you are possessed of a true and ardent love of your country, it will not appear strange that the first sentiment which the municipality of Puebla manifests in addressing you, be that of profound grief for the inevitable necessity it finds itself under, of regulating with the century of its nation, the terms least opprovious for occupying the englial of this State, by troops of the United States of the north. It consoles itself, however, with the idea that its immediate searcifice has sonly other consoles the very dear interests of the order of the control of the capital of the same arights which is beyond the possibility of the control of the control

cs was in contravention of the ninth and graphs of General Orders No. 20, publishes jico, on the 19th day of February last, an use resided by the letter of instructions of a sin-n-chief to Gam. Worth. The court, as required, further declarges i tut the "eirevistar" published by Brevet it tut the "eirevistar" published by Brevet is

cation of it, and of our title to the Perdido, that opposition was silenced. Tradition says that several immbers of it, upon it the conclusion of Mr. Clay's speech, expressed their satisfaction with his successful proof of our title.

The occupation of West Florida by Mr. Madison in 1810 has been compared to the measure of Mr. Polk, ordering the army of Gen. Taylor to proceed from Corpus Christa to the valley of the Rio del Norte. What infantation There is not the remotest similitude between the two cases. Mr. Madison had the authority, not only of one, but of various action of Congress for what he did. Mr. Oak hards set, Mr. Madison exted in the vacation of Congress Mr. Polk adopted his warlike measures while Congress was in session in the capitol in sight of him. Mr. Madison acted his warlike measures while Congress was in session in the capitol in sight of him. Mr. Madison acted his warlike measures while Congress was in session in the capitol in sight of him. Mr. Madison acted against a third party, the revolutionists, who had scized on Baton Rouge and expelled the Spanish power, and not against Spain. Mr. Polk did not act against any third party, but against Mexice, the only other power that had a right to the country between the Nucces and the Rio del Norte, if the U. Stateshal not a good title. Mr. Polk acted with a military force when his minister was knocking at the doors of Mexico to be accredited. Mr. Madison wated many years, depending on peaceful negotiations. Mr. Ms. dison acted when the power of Spain was extinct.

Mr. Polk when the jurisdiction of Mexico was in full vigor over the valley of the Rio del Norte. Mr. Madison paid a proper and decent respect to the seuse of mankind, by declaring that the occupied erritory should remain in the hands of the United States subject to friendly negotiation. Mr. Polk has done not be accordited, when the power of Spain was extinct.

The measure of Mr. Madison was on the power because of the continue of the power of Spain was extinct in the invasion by a larg of it, and of our title to the Perdido, that op-m was silenced. Tradition says that several ers of it, upon the conclusion of Mr. Clay's , expressed their satisfaction with his success-tof of our title. The court, as required, further declares its opinion that the "circular" published by Brovet Mai. Gen. Worth to his Division, dated Puebla, June 16, 1847, was highly suproper and extremely objectionable in anny respects, especially, as it might tend by exasperating the whole Mexican mation, to thwart the well known pacific policy of the United States, and in view of the high source from which it emanated, to disturb the friendly relations of our Government with Spain, or, at least, give occasion to that power, or call for explanations or apologies. The barbarous dience, against which the circular warned the solidars of the First Division, if it existed at all, equally diected the whole army. The information obtained by General Worrin, if worthy of notice, should incredore have been communicated to the General methic, that he might have exercised the discretion in the manns to be not the circular valued to the court is of opinion that it called for the complained with the current is of opinion that it called for the complained advantables and relationship of the General-in-chief, and indispensable to the preservation of proper discipline in the army, that he should at all times possess the privilege of freely commenting upon, disapproving, or censuring the official acts of his subordinate officers.

If. The General-in-chief approves the proceedings and opinion in the foregoing case.

III. This order will not be extended beyond the commanders of divisions and brigades, and the chiefs of the general staff.

IV. The Court of Inquiry, of which Major General Quitman is President; is dissolved.

By command of Major General Scott.

(Signed) H. L. SCOTT, A. A. A. G.

I regret that the circular alluded to, in the foregoing proceedings, has been mislaid by me, or I would likewise have given a copy of that.

(Signed) H. L. SCOTT, A. A. A. G.

I regret that the circular allude to, in the foregoing proceedings, has been mislaid by me, or I would likewise bave given a copy of that. Worth to his Divisi

view of asserting a right to the country so occupied, settled, and inhabited, and under the jurisdiction of another power?

It has been argued that Congress authorised the establishment of a port of delivery beyond the Nucces, which had been in the actual possession of Texas, No part of the country between the Nucces and the Rto del Norte was in the possession of Texas, when annexed to the United States, except Corputation of San Particlo. Beyond all question the valley of the del Norte was not in the possession of Texas. Beyond all question that valley was occupied to the United States, except Corputation of the Congress acted. By undertaking to act, prior to the issue of the attempt of the attempt of the texas of the congress of the congress (which had in the resolution, and without the sanction of Congress (which had in the resolution of annexation of Texas expressly reserved its western limit as a subject of negotiation,) Mr. Polik assumed to himself the war-making power. He made war; and he stands before the United States and before the world responsible for all the consequences. SITUATED DETWEEN THE RIG PERDIDG, AT THE EAST, AND THE ISLAND OF NEW ORLEANS AND THE

DAILY NATIONAL WIIIG.

WASHINGTON CITY.

FIRST ATTRONO. PREVIOUS (2), 1907.

FOR PREASON. PREVIOUS (2), 1907.

FOR Case in the sight containing a direct containing a TOUR BALE.

POR PARTY OF THE LODGE STATE OF THE LOD

The nomination of John Bowan, Esq., of Kentucky as Charge des Affairs to Naples, was sent into the Senate, to-day, as I learn. It is quite likely that the nomination of Dr. Davis, of Indiana, for Commissioner to China, was also eart in Dut I am not positive in the matter.—Corr. Balt. Patriot-

The RAIL ROAD.—The wheeling Times says, it is pleased to observe that a corps of engineer from the Battimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, are now there locating the route for that road eastward. The force, near Wheeling, now consists of eight. Mr. T. C. Atkinson, Mr. Small, Mr. Hazlehurst, Mr. M.L. me, Mr. Hayden, Mr. Owens, and Mr. Dongtass. An additional force is expected in a few days. They have progressed in their surveys as far at M Mechen's creek, six miles below Wheeling. They run along the base of the hill.

SUICIDE OF A BRIDE.—The Saratoga Sentine says that Mrs. Rachel Venderwaker, 20 years old and married only three weeks, cut her throat with a razor on Wednesday hast.

The Flour market confines dull, with more sellers than buyers. A sale of 309 bbls. Howard street was made, this morning as 36, which is a further decline, the morning as 36, which is a further decline. Holders, however, a sale, which is a further decline, the sale of 36, 37, without finding purchasers. Corn meal \$3, 37, Rye four \$5.

Receipts of wheat continue small. Good to prime rods are celling at 130 a 138c; white do. 138 a 142c, and family flour do. 148 a 150c. Corn is in better reds are celling at 130 a 138c; white do. 138 a 142c, and family flour do. 148 a 150c. Corn is in better reds are selling at 130 a 138c; white do. 138 a 142c. and family flour do. 148 a 150c. Corn is in better reds are selling at 130 a 138c; white do. 138 a 142c. and sales of white at 56 a 59c.; cloverseed \$4,25 a \$4,62 1-2c, per bushel.

Very little doing in Provisions. Nothing doing in Pork, and prices remain nominal as before. A small sale of Mess Beef, yesterday, at \$12, and a 10t of No. Int \$10. prime \$3. The range for old Western Bacon is 6 a 6 3-dc. for Shoulders, and 6 1-2 a 7c. for Sides. Last sales of new city cured Shoulders and Sides at 7 1-4c. New Baltimore cured Hansa are tringing 10 a 11c. The last sales of Lard were at 8c. for Western in kegs, and 7 1-4c. in bbls. A sale also of 200 kegs Western at 7 3-4 cts, cash.

Whiskey is dull. We quote at 26 1-2 a 27 1-2 cts. in thids. and bbls.—Baltimore Patriot.

PHILADELPHIA, December 30.

PHILADRIPHIA, December 30.

Stocks, quiet.
The market for Breadsuffs is quiet and prices in favor of buyers. Flour, held at 85.60. Prime raw when the state of th

City Intelligence.

Grist column of third page.

CRIMINAL COURT,—The Court, pursuant to adjournment, met on Thursday, (yesterday,) and took up the case of John Leads alias Lee, who was, as our readers are aware, apprehended by our indefatigable Captain of Police, Mr. Goddard, at the railroad some weeks since, having been advised by our Mayor that he had received a telegraphic despatch, describing said Leads as a defaulter to the amount of some \$3,000. While in our county jail awaiting the requisition of the Governor of Virginia, from whom the despatch came, he was indicated by the grand jury of the county of Washington for passing on Mr. John West a counterfeit ten dollar note, purporting to be of the Randelph Bank of Massachusetts. This note bore the evident signs of crasure by some seld, but was a miserable attempt, since the insertion was too palpable. The names of the Cachier and President were reversed. No witnesses were produced by the prisoner.

ADRIPHI.—We were in attendance on this theatre last evening, and could, but remark the number of ladies present. This corps deserves their notice; and we know that the zeal of Messrs. Brown & Nicholes will not flag in the prosecution of their design to please. The bill to night presents many attractions. Romee and Juliet has an excellent east of characters, and we predict a decided hif.

Arrivals at Gotels, etc., up to 2 p. m.